## **CLAIMS**

What is claimed is:

local virtual address spaces.

1	1. A method of accessing shared memory in a computer system having a	
2	plurality of nodes, including a first node, wherein each node includes a processor and	
3	local memory, the method comprising:	
4	distributing an application across the plurality of nodes;	
5	building an application virtual address space, wherein building an application	
6	virtual address space includes:	
7	building a local virtual address space for the application in each of the	
8	plurality of nodes, wherein the local virtual address space translates a virtual	
9	address generated by the application executing on that node to a physical	
10	address in local memory for that node; and	
11	exporting the local virtual address space for each node to a Remote	
12	Translation Table (RTT) associated with that node; and	
13	performing a memory reference to a memory location in the application	
14	virtual address space, wherein performing a memory reference to a memory location	
15	in the application virtual address space includes translating bits of the application	
16	virtual address into a node address associated with the first node and translating bits	
17	of the application virtual address using the RTT associated with the first node.	
18		
1	2. The method of claim 1, wherein the local address space is read from a	
2	Translation Look-aside Buffer (TLB).	
1	3. The method of claim 1, wherein building an application virtual address space	
2	further includes performing a synchronization operation that causes at least some of	
3	the plurality of nodes to wait for all nodes to complete exporting their respective	

1	4.	A system comprising:	
2		a plurality of nodes, each node including:	
3		one or more processors;	
4		a memory; and	
5		a memory controller operatively coupled to the memory and the one	
6		or more processors, wherein the memory controller includes a Remote	
7		Translation Table (RTT), wherein the RTT translates a virtual address	
8		received as part of a memory request received from another node into a	
9		memory request with physical addresses into the memory on the node	
10		associated with the RTT;	
11		further wherein the RTT is initialized upon the start of a process	
12		associated with an application by building virtual to physical address	
13		translations for local virtual address space in the node corresponding to the	
14		application, and exporting the virtual to physical address translations for the	
15		local virtual address space from the node to the Remote Translation Table	
16		(RTT) associated with that node.	
1	5.	The system of claim 4, wherein each of the plurality of nodes executes a	
2	sync	hronization operation that causes at least some of the plurality of nodes to wait	
3	for a	ll of the plurality of nodes to complete exporting the virtual to physical address	
4	trans	slations to their respective Remote Translation Tables.	
1	6.	A device-readable medium having instructions thereon that, when executed	
2	on a	properly programmed information-processing device having a plurality of	
3	node	es, including a first node, each node having one or more processors, a memory,	
4	and	and a memory controller and coupled to the memory and the one or more processors	
5	caus	es the information-processing device to perform a method comprising:	
6		distributing an application across the plurality of nodes;	
7		building an application virtual address space, wherein building an application	
8	virtı	ual address space includes:	

9	building a local virtual address space for the application in each of the		
10	plurality of nodes, wherein the local virtual address space translates a virtual		
11	address generated by the application executing on that node to a physical		
12	address in local memory for that node; and		
13	exporting the local virtual address space for each node to a Remote		
14	Translation Table (RTT) associated with that node; and		
15	performing a memory reference to a memory location in the application		
16	virtual address space, wherein performing a memory reference to a memory location		
17	in the application virtual address space includes translating bits of the application		
18	virtual address into a node address associated with the first node and translating bits		
19	of the application virtual address using the RTT associated with the first node.		
1	7. The device-readable medium of claim 6, wherein building a local virtual		
2	address space further includes performing a synchronization operation that causes at		
3	least some of the plurality of nodes to wait for all nodes complete exporting their		
4	respective address space.		
1	8. The device-readable medium of claim 6, wherein the local address space is		
2	read from a Translation Look-aside Buffer (TLB).		
1	9. A multinode system for implementing remote address translation, the system		
2	comprising:		
3	a plurality of nodes, including a first node, each of the plurality of nodes		
4	including:		
5	one or more processors,		
6	a memory, and		
7	a memory controller operatively coupled to the memory and the one		
8	or more processors;		
9	means for distributing an application across the plurality of nodes;		
10	means for building an application virtual address space, wherein the means		

11	for building an application virtual address space includes:	
12	means for building a local virtual address space for the application in	
13	each of the plurality of nodes, wherein the local virtual address space	
14	translates a virtual address generated by the application executing on that	
15	node to a physical address in local memory for that node; and	
16	means for exporting the local virtual address space for each node to a	
17	Remote Translation Table (RTT) associated with that node; and	
18	means for performing a memory reference to a memory location in the	
19	application virtual address space, wherein performing a memory reference to a	
20	memory location in the application virtual address space includes:	
21	means for translating bits of the application virtual address into a node	
22	address associated with the first node, and	
23	means for translating bits of the application virtual address using the	
24	RTT associated with the first node.	
1	10. The multinode system of claim 9, wherein building an application virtual	
2	address space further includes a means for performing a synchronization operation	
3	that causes at least some of the plurality of nodes to wait for all nodes to complete	
4	exporting their respective local virtual address spaces.	
1	11. A multi-node system for implementing remote address translation, the system	
2	comprising:	
3	a network;	
4	a source node coupled to the network, wherein the source node includes a	
5	first remote-translation table (RTT);	
6	a remote node coupled to the network, wherein the remote node includes a	
7	second RTT;	
8	wherein on the remote node the second RTT is built using a first local	
9	address space on the source node exported from the source node to the remote node;	
10	and	

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- wherein on the source node the first RTT is built using a second local address
- space on the remote node exported from the remote node to the source node.